

Liquidity Coverage Ratio for the quarter ended 30th June 2019

The Basel Committee for Banking Supervision (BCBS) had proposed the liquidity coverage ratio (LCR) in order to ensure that a bank has an adequate stock of unencumbered high quality liquid assets (HQLA) to survive a significant liquidity stress lasting for a period of 30 days. LCR is defined as a ratio of HQLA to the total net cash outflows estimated for the next 30 calendar days. As per the RBI guidelines banks are required to maintain minimum 100% LCR with effect from 01st January 2019.

Particulars	Quarter Ende	`in crs Quarter Ended June 2019	
	Total Unweighted Value (average)*	Total Weighted Value (average)*	
High Quality Liquid Assets			
1 Total High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA)		23,515	
Cash Outflows			
2 Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:			
(i) Stable deposits	765	38	
(ii) Less stable deposits	10,666	1,067	
3 Unsecured wholesale funding, of which			
(i) Operational deposits (all counterparties)	- '	-	
(ii) Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)	14,203	5,681	
(iii) Unsecured debt	16,311	16,31	
4 Secured wholesale funding	17,261	-	
5 Additional requirements, of which			
(i) Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements	23,175	23,17!	
(ii) Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products	-	-	
(iii) Credit and liquidity facilities	1,032	7-	
6 Other contractual funding obligations	926	92	
7 Other contingent funding obligations	40,667	1,489	
8 TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		48,76	
Cash Inflows			
9 Secured lending (e.g. reverse repos)	697	-	
10 Inflows from fully performing exposures	7,635	5,45	
11 Other cash inflows	23,961	23,45	
12 TOTAL CASH INFLOWS	32,294	28,912	
		Total Adjusted	
		Value	
21 TOTAL HQLA		23,51	
22 TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		19,848	
23 LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		1189	

^{*} The average weighted and unweighted amounts are calculated taking simple daily average of April 2019, May 2019 and June 2019 figures.

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio is significantly higher than minimum regulatory threshold. As a strategy, the Bank is invested into GOI Bonds and corporate bonds which have resulted in a high level of HQLA. The Bank follows the criteria laid down by the RBI for daily calculation of High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA), gross outflows and inflows within the next 30 day period. HQLA predominantly comprises Government securities in excess of minimum SLR requirement viz. Treasury Bills, Central and State Government securities and corporate bonds in form of CP, CD and Bonds rated AA- and above with mandated haircuts applied thereto.

Bank is predominantly funded through certificate of deposits, wholesale term deposits and long term borrowings viz. Bonds and ECBs. Further the reliance on retail deposits and CASA is low but has increased as compared to the previous quarters. All significant outflows and inflows determined in accordance with RBI guidelines are included in the prescribed LCR computation. Bank expects to maintain LCR ratio within regulatory guidelines.